Overview

- Gold Fields renewable energy & carbon goals/commitments
- Methodologies for assessing feasibility of renewables
- Opportunities and barriers to incorporating renewables
Fundamental Changes to Gold Fields

Unlocking and Creating Value

Aug 2012
‘What Investors Want’: Keynote speech by Nick Holland at the Melbourne Mining Club

Apr 2013 onwards
Slump in the gold price

Oct 2013
Acquisition of the Yilgarn South Assets

Dec 2012 to Feb 2013
Unbundling of Sibanye Gold

Oct 2013 onwards
Review of growth strategy – including closure of the Growth and International Projects unit and rationalisation of growth portfolio

Jan to Feb 2013
New cash-focused business plan

Feb 2014
New South Deep life-of-mine plan
Gold Fields has changed fundamentally over the past year

- From Top 4 to mid-tier mining company
- 43% of production from our Australian operations
- 13% of production from South Africa (46% pre-unbundling)
- Group wide restructuring
Gold Fields Commitment to Renewable Energy

Our Commitment Remains Unchanged: Strong Group Support

- Entrenched through our Group Carbon Policy and Guideline
- Supported at a Board and ExCo level
- Strong CEO commitment
- Group Energy and Carbon Management Strategy developed in 2012
- Revision of the Strategy and Actions Plans per Region: **End Q2 2014**
- Engage and lobby through a variety of forums (*founding member of the Goldfields Renewable Energy Lobby to promote deployment of large scale renewable energy generation for the north eastern goldfields region in Australia; ICMM, Chamber of Mines*)

“Global warming & climate change is a reality that requires global action” **Gold Fields Carbon Policy**
Gold Fields Commitment to Renewable Energy

Group Strategic Renewable Energy Commitments

1. Review replacement of carbon-intensive sources of energy with renewable energy or switch to less intense energy sources (taking security of supply or price demands into account)
2. No operation should go backwards to a more carbon-intensive source (unless security of supply or price demands)
3. Identify short, medium and long term renewable energy initiatives that meet regional and operational IRR requirements
4. Determine what investments need to be made and budget accordingly
5. 20% renewable energy generation on average in all new mine developments
6. 13% carbon emission reductions target set against ‘business as usual’ carbon emissions by 2016. Currently being revised to regional targets
7. Engaging relevant stakeholders as partners in creating shared value for renewable energy related projects

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Energy & Carbon strategy based on five strategic pillars and a set of enabling factors

The “Plan” pillar entails embedding energy and carbon in all planning and stage gate processes.

The “Replace” pillar centres on replacing carbon-intense energy with renewable energy sources, or switching to less intense energy sources (i.e. coal to gas)
Gold Fields Commitment to Renewable Energy

Transparent Reporting – Carbon Disclosure Leadership Index

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Why Renewable Energy?

Costs, Carbon Reduction and Energy Security

- Extremely energy and carbon intensive industry
- Key cost driver: 18% - 20% of our operational cost base
- Continued rising global costs due to increasing energy demand & supply constraints
- **Strategic imperative to secure a sustainable future**
- Energy Security (reliability of supply and dependency on a single source)
- Reduce carbon footprint as a sustainable gold miner
- Offset future carbon taxes
- Generate carbon credits through CDM projects (US$48 000)

"solar is growing so fast it is going to overtake everything...It could double every two years” Chairman of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

Committed to Low Carbon Energy Solutions
Why Renewable Energy?

Costs, Carbon Reduction and Energy Security

- Increase in remote (off-grid) projects
- Could be a legacy asset for local communities after mine closure
- Price parity fast becoming a reality
- Significant technological advances in renewables

“Oracle of Omaha to install 656 large wind turbines at a cost of $1.9 billion in Iowa” (CNN 2014)
Gold Fields Renewable Energy Journey

Renewable Energy Timeline


5. Revitalisation of the IECMS

6. Finalise and Implement updated Strategy + External Review (Targets and Baselines)

Q4 2013

January – December 2013

Q2 2014

Our Renewable Energy Journey
Energy Efficiency Initiatives

2013 Energy Efficiency Savings

- 25 group wide projects
- **South Deep**: 6.5% saving on average electricity consumption: **R52 million** (US$6 million)
- **Australia**: 7% improvement in energy efficiency: **US$8 million**
- **West Africa**: **US$1.7 million**. Ramped up to US$11.5 million (estimated annual savings by 2016)

CDM Project

- Auxiliary fan energy efficiency project at South Deep registered in July 2013

Driving down our costs and carbon emissions
The total renewable energy landscape was reviewed for opportunities relevant to Gold Fields

Identify Renewable Energy Opportunities

1. Review all local RE sources

2. Methodology for Assessing Renewables
Deep dives were made into the most relevant technologies and challenges to implementation identified.

3. Deep dives to consider most feasible technologies

4. Consider challenges to implementation

- Ghana wind map
- SA wind map
- SA solar map

**Solar Power Volatility**
(MJ/day)

- **Wind Power Volatility**
  (Wind speed and direction)

Solar and wind opportunities are offset by the availability of short term grid supplies to balance volatility.
Opportunities were modelled as part of a Gold Fields CO₂ abatement curve

CO₂ emissions - NPV abatement curves (US$ ‘000, MT - consolidated)

Methodology for Assessing Renewables
A Parallel Grid System Among SA Mining Companies

Unlocking Renewable Energy Potential

- Solar PV Farms
- Wind Power
- Conventional Power
- Other Parallel-Grid Systems
- Mining Operations
- Diesel Backups
- Site Accommodation
- Macro grid Connection
- Storage
- Roof Solar
- Hot Water
- Mining Operations
- Mining Operations
- Mining Operations

Combine fossil fuel and renewables energy sources
Leverage IPP structures
Share the capital cost and risk across many parties
Integrate into the Eskom grid

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Global Opportunities

Opportunities Assessed

West Africa

● 30MW Tarkwa Biomass Power Plant project
● Biogas: Assess viability and potential to generate biogas out of sewage
● Replace diesel light plants with high efficient diesel or solar alternatives

Australia

● Replacement of diesel lighting towers with a renewable energy hybrid
● Collection of wind and solar data at St Ives to assess potential for wind or solar generation
● Conducted a study on integration of biofuels
Global Opportunities

Opportunities Assessed

South Africa

- Feasibility study on a biomass to energy project at KDC West - 5 MW in the first phase with the opportunity to generate up to 50 MW (discontinued operation)
- Awarded the European Energy Risk Deal of the Year award in 2010, as it was the first carbon credit project of its size undertaken by a gold mine

Peru

- Replace diesel light plants with high efficient diesel or solar alternatives
- Build own hydro generation asset
Barriers to Incorporating Renewables

Barriers to Adopting Renewable Energy Solutions

- Life of mine
- Existing contracts
- Current lower prices of fossil fuel alternatives
- Cash constraints and availability of capital (ROI)
- Financial institutions expertise to assess renewable projects
- Regulatory constraints and uncertainty
- Low global price of carbon credits

“The power sector faces two key challenges in Ghana: the lack of adequate and secure quantities of reasonably priced fuel for power generation, and the lack of public funds to finance the sector’s investment requirements”: World Bank 2013
Barriers to Adopting Renewable Energy Solutions

- No IPP projects on the west rand yet
- South Africa does not currently allow for net-metering (barrier for grid-connected customers who would like to offset their energy consumption through renewable energy)
Key Take Away Points

- Strategic imperative to secure a sustainable future
- Gold Fields remains committed to renewable energy solutions
- Top level support and the right partners are essential
- Sound methodology for assessing renewables feasibility
- Realistic goals and targets
- Regional strategies to drive operation specific requirements
- Greater collaboration between peers and partners to share learnings
Thank You

Committed to Low Carbon Energy Solutions